

Print date: 04.03.2024

# **Safety Data Sheet**

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 1 of 10

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1

Product code:

95006600

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use of the substance/mixture

Hydraulic (functional) fluids

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: TMD Friction Services GmbH

Street: Schlebuscher Str. 99
Place: D-51381 Leverkusen
Telephone: +49 (2171)703-0

E-mail: serviceline@tmdfriction.com

Contact person: Hr. Beier Telephone: +49 (2171)9113-7373

E-mail: serviceline@tmdfriction.com

Internet: www.tmdfriction.com

**1.4. Emergency telephone** GIZ Bonn: +49 (0)228-19240 (24/7)

number:

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Repr. 2; H361fd

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

## Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# Hazard components for labelling

Tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate

Signal word: Warning

Pictograms:





#### **Hazard statements**

Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

#### **Precautionary statements**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Store locked up.

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.





according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

# **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 2 of 10

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.2. Mixtures

# Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (E	•		
30989-05-0	Tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)e	ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate		80 - 95 %
	250-418-4		01-2119462824-33	
	Repr. 2; H361fd	<u>.</u>	·	
143-22-6	2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutylether; butoxytriethylene glycol			10 - 15 %
	205-592-6	603-183-00-0	01-2119475107-38	
	Eye Dam. 1; H318			
1559-34-8	3,6,9,12-tetraoxahexadecan-1-ol			1 - 3 %
	216-322-1			
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319			
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether			< 1 %
	203-961-6	603-096-00-8	01-2119475104-44	
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319			
111-77-3	2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monomethyl ether			< 1 %
	203-906-6	603-107-00-6	01-2119475100-52	
	Repr. 1B; H360D			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

e positio e sito: Etitito, ili tastore alta 711 E			
CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Cond	c. Limits, M-factors and ATE	
143-22-6	205-592-6	2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutylether; butoxytriethylene glycol	10 - 15 %
	Eye Dam. 1;	H318: >= 30 - 100 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 20 - < 30	
111-77-3	203-906-6	2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	< 1 %
	Repr. 1B; H3	60D: >= 3 - 100	

#### **Further Information**

Specific concentration limit (SCL)

CAS No. 143-22-6:

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: >= 30 % Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: 20 - < 30 %

CAS No. 9004-77-7

Eve irritation, Category 2 H319: >= 20 %

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 3 of 10

#### **General information**

When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps.

#### After inhalation

Provide fresh air. Medical treatment necessary.

#### After contact with skin

Wash with plenty of water. Immediately remove any contaminated clothing, shoes or stockings. Medical treatment necessary.

Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners.

#### After contact with eves

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### After ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a doctor.

Following ingestion large scale (Manufacturer): Immediately call a doctor. Alcohol (40 %) 90 - 120 mL (2 mg/kg bw)

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Water mist, alcohol resistant foam, Dry extinguishing powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Pyrolysis products, toxic.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Full protection suit.

#### Additional information

Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### General advice

Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol. Evacuate area. Remove persons to safety. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protection equipment.

#### For emergency responders

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).





Print date: 04.03.2024

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 4 of 10

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### For containment

Stop leak if safe to do so. Cover drains.

#### For cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners.

#### Other information

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol. Wear personal protection equipment.

# Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep locked up. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

#### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Acid, alkali (Base), Oxidising agent, Reducing agent.

# Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from heat.

storage temperature: 15 - 30 °C

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Hydraulic (functional) fluids

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

# **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 5 of 10

# **Occupational exposure limits**

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
112-34-5	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	10	67.5		TWA (8 h)	
		15	101.2		STEL (15 min)	
111-77-3	2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)ethanol	10	50.1		TWA (8 h)	

# **DNEL/DMEL values**

CAS No	Substance				
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value	
30989-05-0	Tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate				
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	8,3 mg/kg bw/day	
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	29,1 mg/m³	
143-22-6	143-22-6 2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutylether; butoxytriethylene glycol				
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	50 mg/kg bw/day	
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	195 mg/m³	
112-34-5 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether					
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	20 mg/kg bw/day	
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	67 mg/m³	
111-77-3 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monomethyl ether					
Worker DNEL	long-term	dermal	systemic	2,22 mg/kg bw/day	
Worker DNEL	long-term	inhalation	systemic	50,1 mg/m³	

# **PNEC values**

CAS No	Substance		
Environmental compartment Value			
30989-05-0 Tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate			
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)			
143-22-6	2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutylether; butoxytriethylene glycol		
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP) 200 mg/l			
112-34-5 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether			
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP) 200 mg/l			
111-77-3 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monomethyl ether			
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP) 10000 mg/l			

# Additional advice on limit values

To date, no national critical limit values exist.

# 8.2. Exposure controls





# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 6 of 10

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. Eye glasses with side protection

#### Hand protection

Tested protective gloves must be worn

penetration time (maximum wearing period): > 480 min. Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of glove material: 0,3 mm Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber) Thickness of glove material: 0,2 mm

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

# Skin protection

Use of protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Thermal hazards

No information available.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid
Colour: amber
Odour: characteristic
Odour threshold: not applicable

Melting point/freezing point: < -50 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and > 260 °C

boiling range:

Flammability: This material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily.

Lower explosion limits:

Upper explosion limits:

rot determined

Flash point:

Auto-ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

pH-Value:

7 - 10,5

Viscosity / kinematic:

not determined

> 280 °C

> 280 °C

> 300 °C

7 - 10,5

(at 20 °C)

Water solubility: easily soluble

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: 1,50
Vapour pressure: 1,00 hPa

(at 20 °C)

Density: 1,02 - 1,07 g/cm³
Relative vapour density: not determined
Particle characteristics: not applicable

# TEXTAR. BRAKE TECHNOLOGY

# **Safety Data Sheet**

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 7 of 10

# 9.2. Other information

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate: (n-Butyl acetate=100) 0,01

Further Information
Wet boiling point: < 165 °C

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Acid, Strong alkali, Oxidizing agents, strong. Reducing agent, strong

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Pyrolysis products, toxic.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (GSO 2654:2021)

# **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Absorption large scale (Manufacturer): May cause damage to organs. (kidneys)

#### **ATEmix tested**

LD50, oralDoseSpeciesSourceLD50, dermal> 5000 mg/kgRatManufacturerLD50, dermal> 3000 mg/kgRabbitManufacturer

# ATEmix calculated

ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) > 5 mg/l

# Irritation and corrosivity

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 8 of 10

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact, oral

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

# **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No information available.

#### Other information

Absorption large scale (Manufacturer)

The following symptoms may occur: Depression of central nervous system, Gastrointestinal complaints, Headache, Nausea.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The product is not: Ecotoxic.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Product is biodegradable. (OECD 302B)

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is not expected.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Soluble in: Water. If product enters soil, it will be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

#### **Further information**

Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### **Disposal recommendations**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

## Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4 Packing group:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation



Print date: 04.03.2024

# **Safety Data Sheet**

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 9 of 10

#### Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

# Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

No information available.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII): Entry 3, Entry 30, Entry 54, Entry 75

#### **National regulatory information**

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline'. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive for expectant or nursing mothers.

## Additional information

Observe in addition any national regulations!

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2,11.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **Textar Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Revision date: 01.03.2024 Page 10 of 10

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Eye Dam: Eye damage Eye Irrit: Eye irritation Repr: Reproductive toxicity

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate
BCF: Bio-concentration factor
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

EL50: Effect loading, 50%

ErC50: Effective Concentration 50%, growth rate

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative IATA: International Air Transport Association

IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50: Lethal dose, 50% LL50: Lethal loading, 50%

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit REL: Recommended Exposure Limit STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time weighted average

**UN: United Nations** 

# Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method
Repr. 2; H361fd	Calculation method

# Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation.

May damage the unborn child.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

# **Further Information**

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)